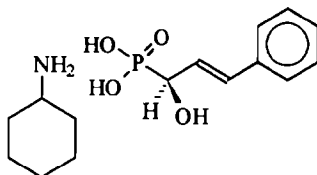


STEREOCHEMISTRY ABSTRACTS

V.J. Blazis, K.J. Koeller, C.D. Spilling

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 499



$C_{15}H_{24}O_4NP$

(1S) (1-hydroxy-3-phenyl-2E-propenyl) phosphonic acid, cyclohexylammonium salt

E.e. = >99% [by conversion to di-OMe ester and HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D = -3.0$ (c 0.68, H_2O)

mp = 230-231 °C (decomp) (MeOH, Et₂O)

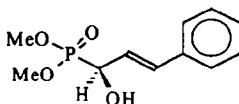
Source of chirality: (1R,2R) cyclohexane-1,2-diamine

Absolute configuration: S

(assigned by X-ray of the precursor)

V.J. Blazis, K.J. Koeller, C.D. Spilling

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 499



$C_{11}H_{15}O_4P$

(1S) Di-O-methyl (1-hydroxy-3-phenyl-2E-propenyl) phosphonate

E.e. = >99% [by HPLC, ChiralPak AS]

$[\alpha]_D = -23.6$ (c 2.74, $CHCl_3$)

mp = 99-99.5 °C (EtOAc, hexanes)

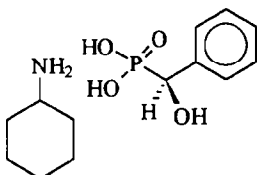
Source of chirality: (1R,2R) cyclohexane-1,2-diamine

Absolute configuration: S

(assigned by X-ray of precursor)

V.J. Blazis, K.J. Koeller, C.D. Spilling

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 499



$C_{16}H_{28.5}O_4N_{1.5}P$

(1S) (phenylhydroxymethyl) phosphonic acid, cyclohexylammonium salt

E.e. = 86% [by conversion to di-OMe ester and HPLC]

$[\alpha]_D = -13.8$ (c 0.78, H_2O)

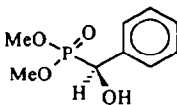
mp = 226-228 °C (decomp) (MeOH, Et₂O)

Source of chirality: (1R,2R) cyclohexane-1,2-diamine

Absolute configuration: S

V.J. Blazis, K.J. Koeller, C.D. Spilling

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 499



$C_9H_{13}O_4P$

(1S) Di-O-methyl (phenylhydroxymethyl) phosphonate

E.e. = 86% [by HPLC, ChiralPak AS]

$[\alpha]_D = -38.5$ (c 0.8, $CHCl_3$)

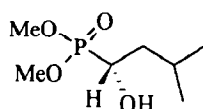
mp = 96.5-98.5 °C (EtOAc, hexanes)

Source of chirality: (1R,2R) cyclohexane-1,2-diamine

Absolute configuration: S

V J. Blazis, K J. Koeller, C D Spilling

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 499



$C_7H_{17}O_4P$

(1R) Di-O-methyl (1-hydroxy-3-methyl-butyl)

phosphonate

E.e. = >99%

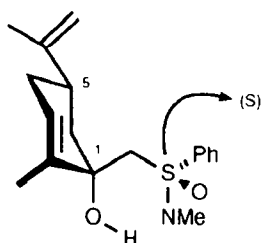
$[\alpha]_D = -25.0$ (c 0.92, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (1R,2R) cyclohexane-1,2-diamine

Absolute configuration: R

Marcelo D. Preite, Manuel González-Sierra, Juan Zinczuk and Edmundo A. Rúveda.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 503



$C_{18}H_{25}O_2NS$

E. e. = 100% (by NMR).

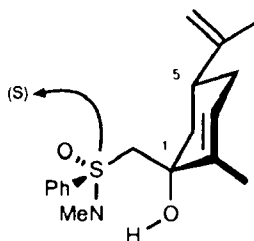
mp = 55° (dec.) from ether.

Source of chirality: natural, asymmetric synthesis (addition) and resolution.

Absolute configuration: 1S, 5S, SS (based in the known configuration of starting materials).

Marcelo D. Preite, Manuel González-Sierra, Juan Zinczuk and Edmundo A. Rúveda.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 503



$C_{18}H_{25}O_2NS$

E. e. = 100% (by NMR).

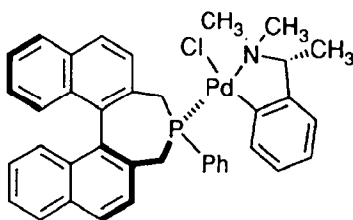
mp = 105° from ether.

Source of chirality: natural, asymmetric synthesis (addition) and resolution.

Absolute configuration: 1R, 5R, SS (based in the known configuration of starting materials).

S. Gladiali, A. Dore, D. Fabbri, O. De Lucchi and M. Manassero

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 511



$C_{38}H_{36}ClNPdP$

E.e. = 100% (by NMR)

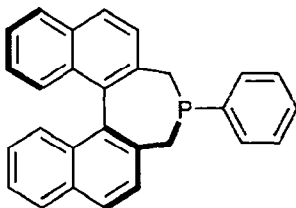
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -208.7$ (c = 1.0, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: Di-μ-bis[(R)-dimethyl(α-methylbenzyl)amino-2C,N]-dipalladium(II)

Absolute configuration: S,R (assigned by X-ray analysis)

S. Gladiali, A. Dore, D. Fabbri, O. De Lucchi and M. Manassero

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 511



$C_{28}H_{21}P$

4-Phenyl-4,5-Dihydro-3H-dinaphtho[2,1-c; 1', 2'-e]phosphine

E.e. = 100% (by NMR of (R)-N,N-dimethyl- α -methylbenzylamine Pd complex and by HPLC on 0.25 m Chiracel OD column)

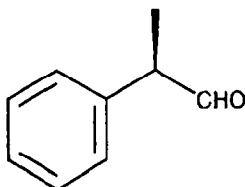
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -90.2$ ($c = 0.79$, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: resolution using Pd complex of (R)-N,N-dimethyl- α -methylbenzylamine

Absolute configuration: S (assigned by X-ray analysis of (R)-N,N-dimethyl- α -methylbenzylamine Pd complex)

S. Gladiali, A. Dore, D. Fabbri, O. De Lucchi and M. Manassero

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 511



$C_9H_{10}O$

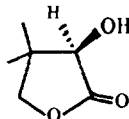
(R)-(-)-2-phenylpropanal

E.e. = 20% (determined by G.L.C.)

Source of chirality: enantioselective hydroformylation of styrene by Rh(S)-4-Phenyl-4,5-dihydro[2,1-c; 1', 2'-e]phosphine catalyst

Frédéric Hapiot, Francine Agbossou and André Mortreux

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 515



$C_6H_{10}O_3$

(R)-3,3-dimethyl-2-hydroxy- γ -butyrolactone

E. e. = 42% (by chiral GC analysis)

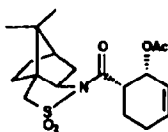
$[\alpha]_D^{25} -22.1$ (c 2.05, H_2O)

Absolute configuration : 2R

Source of chirality : asymmetric hydrogenation in presence of ruthenium-[(5S)-(+)-N-diphenylphosphino)-5-(diphenylphosphinoxy methyl)-2-pyrrolidine] catalyst

Scott C. Mayer, Amy J. Pfizenmayer, Richard Cordova, Wen-Ren Li and Madeleine M. Joullie*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 519



$C_{19}H_{27}NO_5S$ (8)

4'-(1S,2R-2-acetoxy-3-cyclohexene-1-carbonyl)-(7S)-10',10'-dimethyl-5'-thia-4'-aza-tricyclo[5.2.1.0^{2,7}]decane-5'5'-dioxide

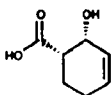
E. e. = > 99%

$[\alpha]_D^{22} -223$ (c 0.770, $CHCl_3$)

Source of Chirality: Diels-Alder incorporating D-2,10-camphorsultam
Absolute configuration: 1S, 2R, 7'S

Scott C. Mayer, Amy J. Pfizenmayer, Richard Cordova, Wen-Ren Li
and Madeleine M. Joullié*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 519

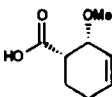


$C_7H_{10}O_3$ (9)
(1S,2R)-2-Hydroxy-3-cyclohexene-1-carboxylic acid

E. e. = > 99%
[α]_D²² -167 (c 2.65, CHCl₃)
Source of Chirality: D-2,10-camphorsultam
Absolute configuration: 1S, 2R

Scott C. Mayer, Amy J. Pfizenmayer, Richard Cordova, Wen-Ren Li
and Madeleine M. Joullié*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 519

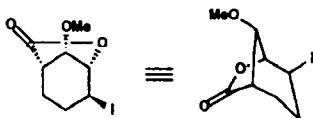


$C_8H_{12}O_3$ (10)
(1S,2R)-2-Methoxy-3-cyclohexene-1-carboxylic acid

E. e. = > 99%
[α]_D²² -201 (c 2.16, CHCl₃)
Source of Chirality: D-2,10-camphorsultam
Absolute configuration: 1S, 2R

Scott C. Mayer, Amy J. Pfizenmayer, Richard Cordova, Wen-Ren Li
and Madeleine M. Joullié*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 519

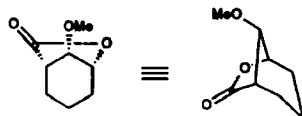


$C_8H_{11}IO_3$ (11)
(1S,2S,5S,8S)-2-Iodo-6-oxo-8-methoxybicyclo[3.2.1]- ζ -caprolactone

E. e. = > 99%
[α]_D²² -57.2 (c 2.18, CHCl₃)
Source of Chirality: D-2,10-camphorsultam
Absolute configuration: 1S, 2S, 5S, 8S

Scott C. Mayer, Amy J. Pfizenmayer, Richard Cordova, Wen-Ren Li
and Madeleine M. Joullié*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 519

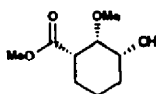


$C_8H_{12}O_3$ (12)
(1R,5S,8S)-6-oxo-8-methoxybicyclo[3.2.1]- ζ -caprolactone

E. e. = > 99%
[α]_D²² -20.5 (c 1.05, CHCl₃)
Source of Chirality: D-2,10-camphorsultam
Absolute configuration: 1R, 5S, 8S

Scott C. Mayer, Amy J. Pfizenmayer, Richard Cordova, Wen-Ren Li
and Madeleine M. Joullie*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 519

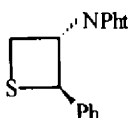


$C_9H_{16}O_4$ (13)
(1S,2S,3R) Methyl 3-hydroxy-2-methoxycyclohexane-1-carboxylate

E. e. = > 99%
[α]_D²² +6.52 (c 1.04, CHCl₃)
Source of Chirality: D-2,10-camphorsultam
Absolute configuration: 1S, 2S, 3R

F. Kazmierczak, K. Gawrońska, U. Rychlewska and J. Gawroński*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 527

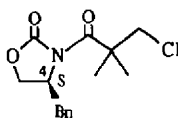


$C_{17}H_{13}NO_2S$
(2R,3S)-2-phenyl-3-phthalimidothietane

m.p. 122.5-124°
[α]_D²⁰ 213.3 (c=1, acetone)
Absolute configuration: 2R,3S
Source of chirality (1S,2S)-2-amino-1-phenyl-1,3-propanediol

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 531



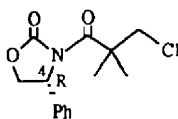
$C_{15}H_{18}ClNO_3$

E.e. > 98% [by ¹H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]
[α]_D = +34.1 (c 1, CHCl₃)
mp 84.6 °C
Source of chirality : (S)-phenylalanine
Absolute configuration : S

(4S)-3-[3'-Chloro-2',2'-dimethylpropanoyl]-4-benzylloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 531



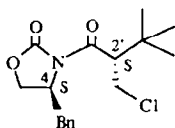
$C_{14}H_{16}NO_3$

E.e. > 98% [by ¹H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]
[α]_D = - 93 (c 1, CHCl₃)
mp 93.9 °C
Source of chirality : (R)-phenylglycine
Absolute configuration : R

(4R)-3-[3'-Chloro-2',2'-dimethylpropanoyl]-4-phenyloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 531



$C_{17} H_{22} Cl N O_3$

E.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = +29.3$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)

mp 144.1 °C

Source of chirality : (S)-phenylalanine

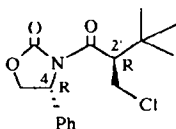
Absolute configuration : 4S, 2'S

(assigned by analogy to the known *trans* alkylation)

(4S,2'S)-3-[2'-Chloromethyl-3',3'-dimethylbutanoyl]-4-benzylloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 531



$C_{16} H_{20} Cl N O_3$

E.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = -101$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)

mp 162.8 °C

Source of chirality : (R)-phenylglycine

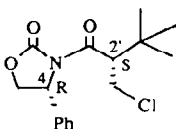
Absolute configuration : 4R, 2'R

(assigned by analogy to the known *trans* alkylation)

(4R,2'R)-3-[2'-Chloromethyl-3',3'-dimethylbutanoyl]-4-phenylloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 531



$C_{16} H_{20} Cl N O_3$

E.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = -94$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)

Viscous oil

Source of chirality : (R)-phenylglycine

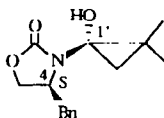
Absolute configuration : 4R, 2'S

(assigned relatively to its diastereomer)

(4R,2'S)-3-[2'-Chloromethyl-3',3'-dimethylbutanoyl]-4-phenylloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 531



$C_{15} H_{19} N O_3$

D.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = +38$ (c 0.35, $CHCl_3$)

mp 120.5 °C

Source of chirality : (S)-phenylalanine

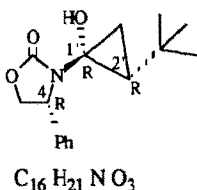
Absolute configuration : 4S,1'S

(assigned by analogy to the *trans* cyclization)

(4S,1'S)-3-[2',2'-Dimethyl-1'-hydroxycyclopropyl]-4-benzylloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 531



D.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = -68.6$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)

mp 139.6 °C

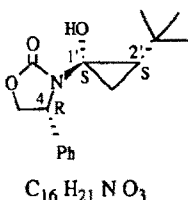
Source of chirality : (R)-phenylglycine

Absolute configuration : 4R,2'R, abs. conf. at 1' not confirmed

(4R,1'R,2'R)-3-[2'-*tert*-Butyl-1'-hydroxycyclopropyl]-4-phenyloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 531



D.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = -133.3$ (c 0.7, $CHCl_3$)

mp 122.2 °C

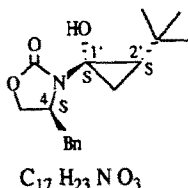
Source of chirality : (R)-phenylglycine

Absolute configuration : 4R,2'S, abs. conf. at 1' not confirmed

(4R,1'S,2'S)-3-[2'-*tert*-Butyl-1'-hydroxycyclopropyl]-4-phenyloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 531



E.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

$[\alpha]_D = +27$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)

mp 138.6 °C

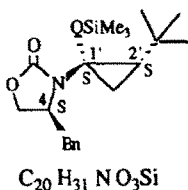
Source of chirality : (S)-phenylalanine

Absolute configuration : 4S,2'S, abs. conf. at 1' not confirmed

(4S,1'S,2'S)-3-[2'-*tert*-Butyl-1'-hydroxycyclopropyl]-4-benzyloxazolidin-2-one

A. Fadel

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 531



E.e. > 98% [by 1H nmr, in the presence of chiral shift reagent]

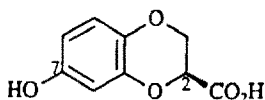
$[\alpha]_D = +27.5$ (c 1, $CHCl_3$)

mp 158.4 °C

Source of chirality : (S)-phenylalanine

Absolute configuration : 4S,2'S, abs. conf. at 1' not confirmed

(4S,1'S,2'S)-3-[2'-*tert*-Butyl-1'-(trimethylsiloxy)-cyclopropyl]-4-benzyloxazolidin-2-one



E.e. > 99% (by HPLC on Hypercarb and $^1\text{H-NMR}$ of (*R*)-MPTA ester)

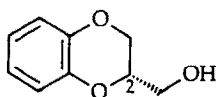
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} -55$ (c 1, CH_3OH)

Source of chirality: *R*-(-)-Pantolactone

Absolute configuration: 2*S*

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}_5$

S-(-)-7-hydroxy-2-carboxy-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin



E.e. > 99% (by HPLC on Hypercarb and $^1\text{H-NMR}$ of (*R*)-MPTA ester)

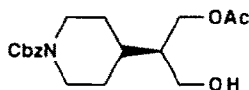
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} -33$ (c 1, CHCl_3)

Source of chirality: *R*-(-)-Pantolactone

Absolute configuration: 2*S*

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$

S-(-)-2-hydroxymethyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin



E.e. > 98% (by $^1\text{H-NMR}$ of MTPA ester)

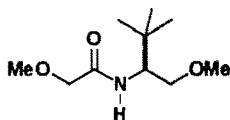
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} +9.1$ (c 1.1 CHCl_3)

Source of chirality: Porcine Pancreatic Lipase

Absolute configuration: *R* (assigned by chemical correlation)

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_5$

3-Acetoxy-2-(*N*-carbobenzyloxypiperid-4-yl)-1-propanol



E.e. > 99 %

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -11.2$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3)

Source of chirality : amino-acid (*L*-tert-leucine)

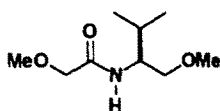
Absolute configuration *S*

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_3\text{N}$

(*S*)-(-)-*N*-(1-tertbutyl-2-methoxyethyl)-2-methoxyacetamide

Y. Landais, P. Ogay

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 541



C₉H₁₉O₃N

(S)-(-)-N-(1-isopropyl-2-methoxyethyl)-2-methoxyacetamide

E.e. > 99.5 %

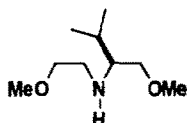
[α]_D²⁵ = - 39.9 (c 1.06, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality : natural (L-valine)

Absolute configuration : S

Y Landais, P. Ogay

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 541



C₉H₂₁O₂N

(S)-(+)-N-(1-isopropyl-2-methoxyethyl)(2-methoxyethyl)amine

E.e. > 99.5 %

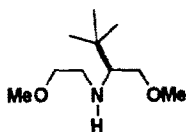
[α]_D²⁵ = + 1.26 (c 1.03, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality : natural (L-valine)

Absolute configuration : S

Y. Landais, P. Ogay

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 541



C₁₀H₂₃O₂N

(S)-(-)-N-(1-tert-butyl-2-methoxyethyl)(2-methoxyethyl)amine

E.e. > 99 %

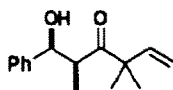
[α]_D²⁵ = - 16.8 (c 1.02, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality : natural (L-tert-leucine)

Absolute configuration : S

Y. Landais, P. Ogay

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 541



C₁₅H₂₀O₂

(1S,2S)-(+)-1-Hydroxy-2,4,4-trimethyl-1-phenylhex-5-en-3-one

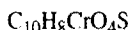
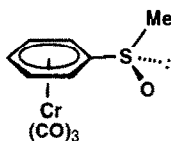
E.e. = 56 % (¹H NMR of MTPA ester)

Source of chirality : asymm. synth. (aldol)

Absolute configuration : 1S,2S
(deduced from the correlation with a known synthetic intermediate)

S.L. Griffiths, S. Perrio and S.E. Thomas*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 545



tricarbonyl[η^6 -(methylsulfinyl)benzene]chromium(0)

E.e. = $\geq 95\%$

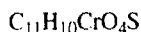
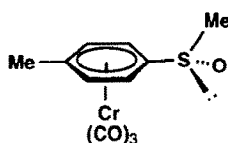
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -208$ (c 0.01, acetone)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation [diethyl L-(+)-tartrate]

Absolute configuration: *R*

S.L. Griffiths, S. Perrio and S.E. Thomas*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 545



tricarbonyl[η^6 -4-methyl-1-(methylsulfinyl)benzene]chromium(0)

E.e. = $\geq 95\%$

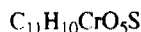
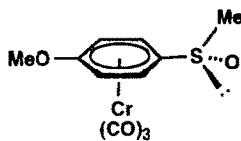
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +179$ (c 0.01, acetone)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation [diethyl D-(-)-tartrate]

Absolute configuration: *S*

S.L. Griffiths, S. Perrio and S.E. Thomas*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 545



tricarbonyl[η^6 -4-methoxy-1-(methylsulfinyl)benzene]chromium(0)

E.e. = $\geq 95\%$

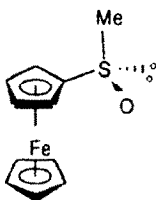
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +147$ (c 0.01, acetone)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation [diethyl D-(-)-tartrate]

Absolute configuration: *S*

Patrick Diter, Odile Samuel, Stefan Taudien and Henn B. Kagan*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 549



(*R*)-Ferrocenyl methyl sulfoxide

ee > 99 % (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD)

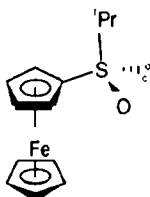
$[\alpha]_D^{20} -184$ (c 0.5, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation of the sulfide
in the presence of a (*R,R*)-diethyl tartrate complex

Absolute configuration: *R*

Patrick Diter, Odile Samuel, Stefan Taudien and Henn B. Kagan*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 549



(R)-Ferrocenyl isopropyl sulfoxide

ee > 99 % (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD)

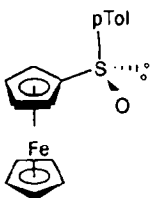
$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -362 (c 0.5, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation of the sulfide
in the presence of a (R,R)-diethyl tartrate complex

Absolute configuration: R

Patrick Diter, Odile Samuel, Stefan Taudien and Henn B. Kagan*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 549



(R)-Ferrocenyl p-tolyl sulfoxide

ee > 99 % (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD)

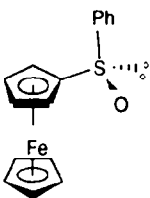
$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -305 (c 0.5, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation of the sulfide
in the presence of a (R,R)-diethyl tartrate complex

Absolute configuration: R

Patrick Diter, Odile Samuel, Stefan Taudien and Henn B. Kagan*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 549



(R)-Ferrocenyl phenyl sulfoxide

ee > 99 % (by HPLC on Chiralcel OD)

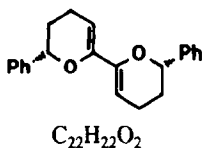
$[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -182 (c 0.5, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: asymmetric oxidation of the sulfide
in the presence of a (R,R)-diethyl tartrate complex

Absolute configuration: R

P.J. Edwards, D.A. Entwistle, S.V. Ley, D.R. Owen and E.J. Perry

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 553



E.e. > 98% (by chiral HPLC)

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -107.4 (c = 0.95, CHCl₃)

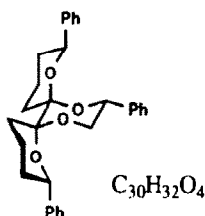
Source of chirality: enantioselective reduction of
 δ -ketoester

Absolute configuration: 2S, 2'S

(2S,2'S) 2,2'-Diphenyl-3,3',4,4'-tetrahydro-6,6'-bi-2H-pyran

P.J. Edwards, D.A. Entwistle, S.V. Ley, D.R. Owen and E.J. Perry

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 553



E.e.=93% (by chiral HPLC)

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -44.3$ ($c = 1.00$, CHCl_3)

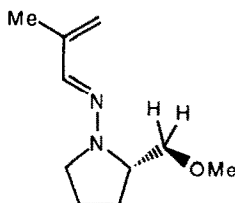
Source of chirality: (2*S*,2'*S*) 2,2'-Diphenyl-3,3',4,4'-tetrahydro-6,6'-bi-2*H*-pyran

Absolute configuration: 2*S*, 6*S*, 7*R*, 9*S*, 14*R*

(2*S*,6*S*,7*R*,9*S*,14*R*) 2,9,14-Triphenyl-1,8,13,16-tetraoxa[5.0.5.4]hexadecane

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



$[\alpha]_D^{20} : -171.7$ (c 1.95, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

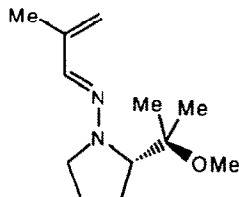
absolute configuration : *S* (based on starting material)

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}$

(2'*S*)-1-aza-1-[2'-(methoxymethyl)pyrrolidino]-3-methyl-1,3-butadiene

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



$[\alpha]_D^{20} : -39.4$ (c 1.37, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

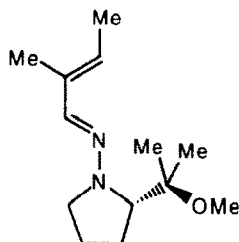
absolute configuration : *S* (based on starting material)

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}$

(2'*S*)-1-aza-1-[2'-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)pyrrolidino]-3-methyl-1,3-butadiene

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



$[\alpha]_D^{20} : -30.5$ (c 1.45, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

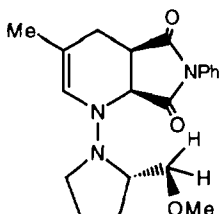
absolute configuration : *S* (based on starting material)

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}$

(2'*S*)-1-aza-1-[2'-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)pyrrolidino]-3,4-dimethyl-1,3-butadiene

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



d.e. $\geq$ 98% (based on ^1H NMR, 500 MHz)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$: -249.7 (c 1.03, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

absolute configuration : 2'S, 5R, 6S

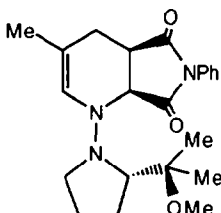
(assigned by mechanistic considerations)

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$

(2'S,5R,6S)-1-[2'-(methoxymethyl)pyrrolidino]-3-methyl-N-phenyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-5,6-dicarboximide

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



d.e. $\geq$ 98% (based on ^1H NMR, 500 MHz)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$: -208.1 (c 1.01, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

absolute configuration : 2'S, 5R, 6S

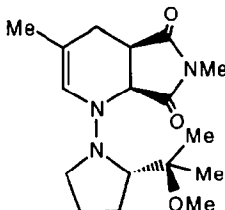
(assigned by mechanistic considerations)

$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$; (2'S,5R,6S)-1-[2'-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)pyrrolidino]-3-methyl-N-phenyl-

1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-5,6-dicarboximide

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



d.e. $\geq$ 98% (based on ^1H NMR, 500 MHz)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$: -153.8 (c 1.0, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

absolute configuration : 2'S, 5R, 6S

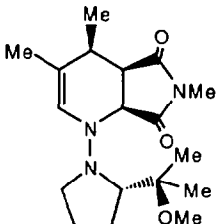
(assigned by mechanistic considerations)

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$

(2'S,5R,6S)-1-[2'-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)pyrrolidino]-N, 3-dimethyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-5,6-dicarboximide

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 557



d.e. $\geq$ 98% (based on ^1H NMR, 500 MHz)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$: -291.2 (c 1.03, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

absolute configuration : 2'S, 4S, 5R, 6S

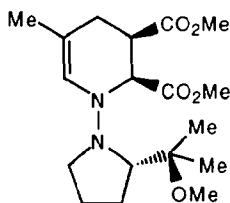
(assigned by mechanistic considerations)

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$

(2'S,4S,5R,6S)-1-[2'-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)pyrrolidino]-N,3,4-trimethyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-5,6-dicarboximide

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 557



d.e. $\geq 98\%$ (based on ^1H NMR, 500 MHz)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$: -190.7 (c 1.33, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

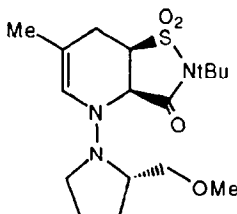
absolute configuration : 2'S, 5R, 6S

(assigned by mechanistic considerations)

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$; (2'S,5R,6S)-1-[2'-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)pyrrolidino]-3-methyl-5,6-bis(methoxycarbonyl)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine

Renaud Beaudegnies and Léon Ghosez*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 557



d.e. $\geq 98\%$ (based on ^1H NMR, 500 MHz)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20}$: -324.1 (c 0.4, CHCl_3)

source of chirality : L-Proline

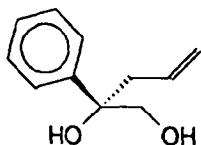
absolute configuration : 2'S, 5R, 6R

(assigned by X-Ray)

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4\text{S}$; (2'S,5R,6R)-2-(tert-butyl)-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4-[2'-(methoxymethyl)pyrrolidino]-6-methylisothiazolo[4,5-b]pyridine-3(2H)-one 1,1-dioxide

Robert P. Hof, Richard M. Kellogg

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 565



$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$

2-phenyl-4-pentene-1,2-diol

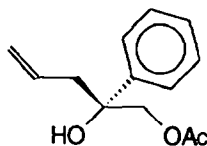
e.e.=76% (chiral HPLC)

Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration: S (by optical rotation)

Robert P. Hof, Richard M. Kellogg

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 565



$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$

1-acetoxy-2-phenyl-4-pentene-2-ol

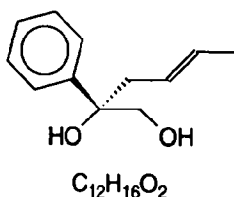
e.e.=78% (chiral HPLC)

Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration: R (by optical rotation)

Robert P. Hof, Richard M. Kellogg

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 565



2-phenyl-4-hexene-1,2-diol

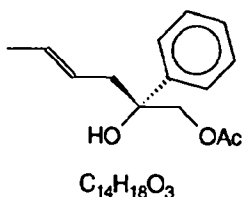
e.e.=94% (chiral GC)

Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration: unknown

Robert P. Hof, Richard M. Kellogg

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 565



1-acetoxy-2-phenyl-4-hexene-2-ol

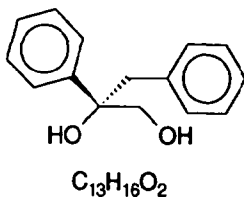
e.e.=65% (chiral GC)

Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration: unknown

Robert P. Hof, Richard M. Kellogg

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 565



2,3-diphenylpropane-1,2-diol

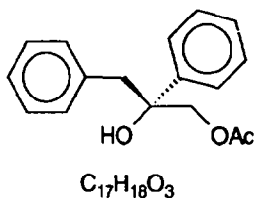
e.e.=97% (chiral HPLC)

Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration: unknown

Robert P. Hof, Richard M. Kellogg

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 565

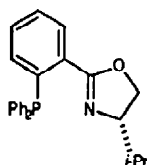


1-acetoxy-2,3-diphenylpropane-2-ol

e.e.=97% (chiral HPLC)

Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution

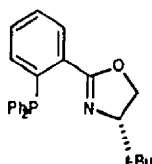
Absolute configuration: unknown


 $[\alpha]_D = -44.9$ (c 1.4, CHCl_3 , 23 °C)

Source of chirality: (S)-(+)-valine

Absolute configuration *S*
(based on configuration of (S)-(+)-valine) $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{24}\text{NOP}$

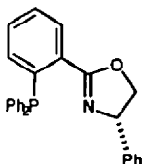
(-)-(S)-2[2-(diphenylphosphino)phenyl]-4-isopropyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole


 $[\alpha]_D = -58.2$ (c 1.2, CHCl_3 , 23 °C)

Source of chirality: (S)-(+)-tert-leucine

Absolute configuration *S*
(based on configuration of (S)-(+)-tert-leucine) $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{26}\text{NOP}$

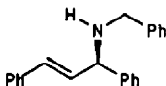
(-)-(S)-2[2-(diphenylphosphino)phenyl]-4-tert-butyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole


 $[\alpha]_D = +30.8$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3 , 23 °C)

Source of chirality: (S)-(+)-2-phenylglycine

Absolute configuration *S*
(based on configuration of (S)-(+)-2-phenylglycine) $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{22}\text{NOP}$

(+)-(S)-2[2-(diphenylphosphino)phenyl]-4-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazole



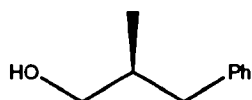
E.e. = 89 % (by HPLC)

 $[\alpha]_D = -21.6$ (c 1.2, CHCl_3 , 23 °C)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration *R*
(assigned by optical rotation according to the literature) $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}$

(-)-(R,E)-benzyl-(1,3-diphenyl-2-propen-1-yl)-amine



3-Phenyl-2-methylpropan-1-ol

E.e. = 93%

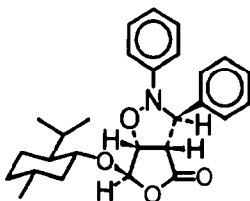
[α]_D²⁴ = -10.2 (c 1.1, benzene)

Source of chirality: asymm. synth.

Absolute Configuration: 2S

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 607



3-phenyl-6-menthyloxy-2-phenyl-3,3a,6,6a-tetrahydro-4H-furo[3,4-d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = >98 %

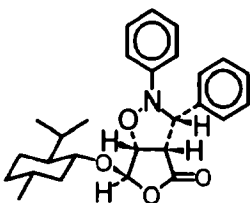
[α]_D²⁰ = -62.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3R,3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 607



3-phenyl-6-menthyloxy-2-phenyl-3,3a,6,6a-tetrahydro-4H-furo[3,4-d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = >98 %

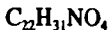
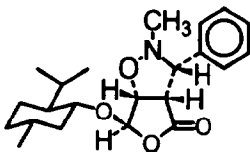
[α]_D²⁹³ = -232.4 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3S,3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 607



3-phenyl-6-menthyloxy-2-methyl-3,3a,6,6a-tetrahydro-4H-furo[3,4-d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = >98 %

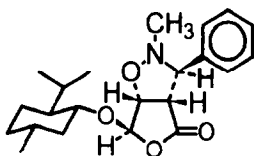
[α]_D²⁰ = -139.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3S,3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{22}H_{31}NO_4$

3-phenyl-6-menthyloxy-2-methyl-3,3a,6,6a-tetrahydro-4H-furo[3,4-d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = > 98 %

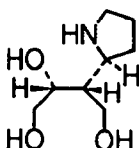
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -290.0$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3R,3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_8H_{17}NO_3$

3-pyrrolidin-2'-yl-butane-1,2,4-triol

E.e. = > 98 %

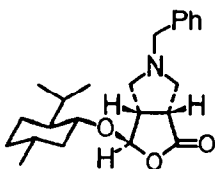
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -81.6$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 2R,2'S,3R

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{23}H_{33}NO_3$

4-aza-4-benzyl-6-menthyloxy-1-oxa-2-oxo-bicyclo[3.3.0]octane

E.e. = > 98 %

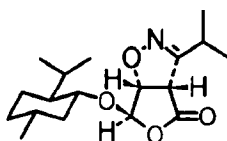
$[\alpha]_{436}^{20} = -241.7$ (c = 1.0, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 2aR,5aS,6R

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{18}H_{29}NO_4$

6-menthyloxy-3-(1-methylethyl)-3a,4,6,6a-tetrahydro-furo[3,4d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = > 98 %

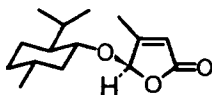
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -98.3$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{15}H_{24}O_3$

4-methyl-5-menthyloxy-2(5H)-furanone

E.e. = >98 %

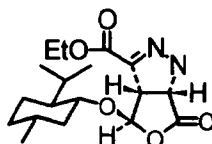
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -130.0$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 5R

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{18}H_{28}N_2O_5$

3,4-diaza-5-ethoxycarbonyl-6-menthyloxy-2(5H)-furanone

E.e. = >98 %

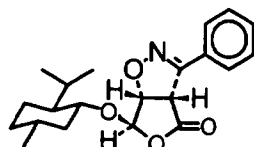
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +87.3$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 2aS,5aS,6R

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{21}H_{27}NO_4$

3-phenyl-6-menthyloxy-3a,4,6,6a-tetrahydro-furo[3,4d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = >98 %

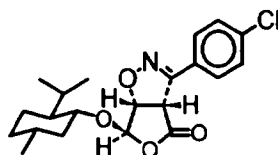
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -218.3$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{21}H_{26}NO_4Cl$

3-(4-chlorophenyl)-6-menthyloxy-3a,4,6,6a-tetrahydro-furo[3,4d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = >98 %

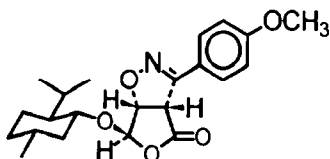
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -208.1$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3aS,6R,6aR

Rispens, Minze, T.; Keller, Erik; de Lange, Ben; Zijlstra, Robert W.J.; Feringa Ben L.*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 607



$C_{22}H_{29}NO_3$

3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-menthyloxy-3a,4,6,6a-tetrahydro-furo[3,4d]isoxazol-4-one

E.e. = >98 %

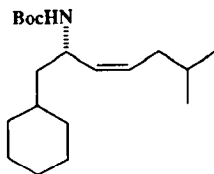
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -299.0$ (c = 1.0, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: natural, asymm. synth. (1,3-dipolar cycloaddition)

Absolute configuration 3aS,6R,6aR

Damian J. Krysan, Todd W. Rockway, and Anthony R. Haight

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 625



(2*S*)-*N*-(*tert*-Butyloxycarbonyl)-2-amino-1-cyclohexyl-6-methyl-3(*Z*)-heptene

E.e. = >95 % [by chiral HPLC of α -methoxy- α -trifluoromethyl-phenylacetamide].

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +48.0$ (c = 1, CH_3OH)

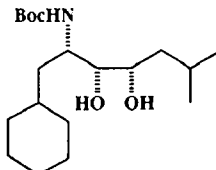
Source of chirality: (*S*)-phenylalanine

Absolute Configuration: *S*

(assigned by HPLC comparison to (*R*) isomer)

Damian J. Krysan, Todd W. Rockway, and Anthony R. Haight

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 625



(2*S*, 3*R*, 4*S*)-*N*-(*tert*-Butyloxycarbonyl)-2-amino-1-cyclohexyl-3,4-dihydroxy-6-methyl-heptane

E.e. = >95 % [by chiral HPLC of α -methoxy- α -trifluoromethyl-phenylacetamide].

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -55.0$ (c = 1, CH_3OH)

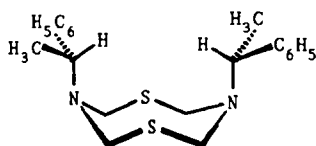
Source of chirality: (*S*)-phenylalanine

Absolute Configuration: 2*S*, 2*R*, 4*S*

(assigned by HPLC comparison to (*R*, *S*, *R*) isomer)

G. Cadenas-Pliego, M.-J. Rosales-Hoz, R. Contreras A. Flores-Parra *

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 633



$C_{20}H_{26}N_2S_2$

5-[(*R*)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-3,7-diaza-1,5-dithiacyclooctane

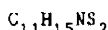
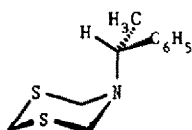
$[\alpha]_D = +134.7$ (c 0.02, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: Synthesis from (*R*)-(+)-1-methylbenzylamine.

Absolute configuration: (*R*), (*R*)

G.Cadenas-Pliego, M.-J.Rosales-Hoz, R.Contreras
A.Flores-Parra^{*}.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 633



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +72.2$ (c 0.01, CH_2Cl_2)

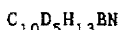
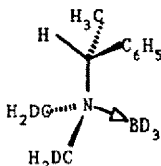
Source of chirality: Synthesis from 3,7-di-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-3,7-diaza-1,5-dithiacyclooctane.

Absolute configuration: (R)

5-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-
1,3,5-dithiazine

G.Cadenas-Pliego, M.-J.Rosales-Hoz, R.Contreras
A.Flores-Parra^{*}.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 633



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +52.8$ (c 0.2, CH_2Cl_2)

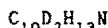
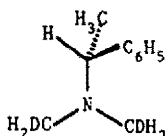
Source of chirality: Synthesis from 5-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,3,5-dithiazine and BD_3 -THF.

Absolute configuration: (R)

1-borane-1-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,1-
di[mono-deuterated]methylamine.

G.Cadenas-Pliego, M.-J.Rosales-Hoz, R.Contreras
A.Flores-Parra^{*}.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 633



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +50.8$ (c 0.01, CH_2Cl_2)

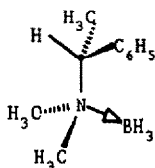
Source of chirality: Synthesis from 5-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,3,5-dithiazine and BD_3 -THF.

Absolute configuration: (R)

1-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,1-di(mono-
deuterated)methylamine.

G.Cadenas-Pliego, M.-J.Rosales-Hoz, R.Contreras
A.Flores-Parra^{*}.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 633



$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +53.9$ (c 0.003, CH_2Cl_2)

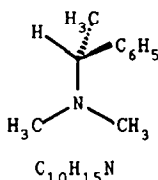
Source of chirality: Synthesis from 5-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,3,5-dithiazine and BH_3 -THF.

Absolute configuration: (R)

1-borane-1-[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,1-
dimethylamine.

G.Cadenas-Pliego, M.-J.Rosales-Hoz, R.Contreras
A.Flores-Parra*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 633



[(R)-(+)-1'-methylbenzyl]-1,1-
dimethylamine.

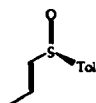
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +51.4$ (c 0.003, CH_2Cl_2)

Source of chirality: Synthesis from 5-[(R)-(+)-
1'-methylbenzyl]-1,3,5-dithiazine and BH_3 -THF.

Absolute configuration: (R)

J. Tercio B. Ferreira*, Jacqueline A. Marques and J. P. Marino*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 641



$C_{10}H_{12}SO$
(R)-(E)-1-propenyl *p*-tolylsulfoxide

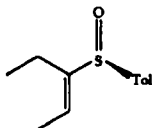
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +143$ (c 2.0; $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: (-)-menthyl (*S*)-*p*-toluenesulfinate

Absolute configuration: R

J. Tercio B. Ferreira*, Jacqueline A. Marques and J. P. Marino*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 641



$C_{12}H_{16}SO$
(R)-(E)-1-ethyl-1-(*p*-tolylsulfinyl)-1-propene

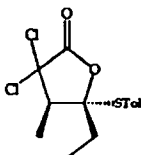
$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +43.3$ (c 2.0; $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: R

J. Tercio B. Ferreira*, Jacqueline A. Marques and J. P. Marino*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 641



$C_{14}H_{16}SO_2Cl_2$
(3*R*,4*R*)-2,2-dichloro-4-ethyl-3-methyl-*p*-tolylthio γ -butyrolactone

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +2.96$ (c 3.0; $CHCl_3$)

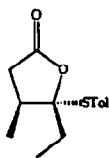
m.p. = 108-110°C

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: *R,R*

J. Tercio B. Ferreira*, Jacqueline A. Marques and J. P. Marino*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 641



$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +66.5$ ($c=2.3$; CHCl_3)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

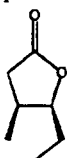
Absolute configuration: *R,R*

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{SO}_2$

(3*R*,4*R*)-4-ethyl-3-methyl-4-*p*-tolylthio γ -butyrolactone

J. Tercio B. Ferreira*, Jacqueline A. Marques and J. P. Marino*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 641



$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -34.4$ ($c=2.0$; CHCl_3)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

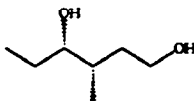
Absolute configuration: *S,S*

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$

(3*S*,4*S*)-4-ethyl-3-methyl γ -butyrolactone

J. Tercio B. Ferreira*, Jacqueline A. Marques and J. P. Marino*

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 641



$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +12.5$ ($c=1.0$; CHCl_3)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

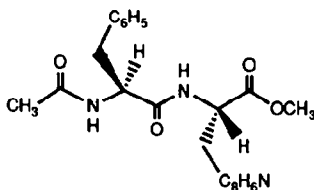
Absolute configuration: *R,R*

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$

(3*R*,4*R*)-3-methyl-1,4-hexanediol

Olle Ramström, Ian A. Nicholls and Klaus Mosbach.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 649



Source of chirality: *L*-phenylalanine and *L*-tryptophan

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +11$ ($c = 0.010 \text{ g ml}^{-1}$, CH_3OH)

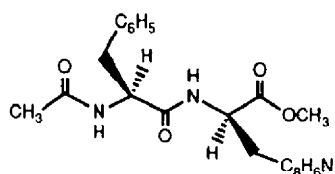
Absolute configuration: *SS*

$\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$

Methyl *N*-Acetyl-*S*-phenylalaninyl-*S*-tryptophanate

Olle Ramström, Ian A. Nicholls and Klaus Mosbach.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 649



Source of chirality: *L*-phenylalanine and *D*-tryptophan

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +54$ ($c = 0.010 \text{ g ml}^{-1}$, CH_3OH)

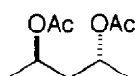
Absolute configuration: *SR*

$\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$

Methyl *N*-Acetyl-*S*-phenylalaninyl-*R*-tryptophanate

G. Caron and R. J. Kazlauskas

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 657



E.e. = 78% [by GC on Chiraldex G-TA]

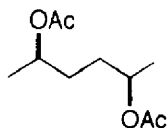
Source of chirality: lipase-catalyzed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,4*R*

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$
(*R,R*)-2,4-diacetoxypentane

G. Caron and R. J. Kazlauskas

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 657



E.e. = 94% [by GC on Chiraldex G-TA]

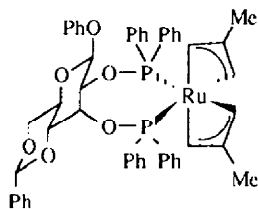
Source of chirality: lipase-catalyzed kinetic resolution

Absolute configuration: 2*R*,5*R*

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4$
(*R,R*)-2,5-diacetoxypentane

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 665

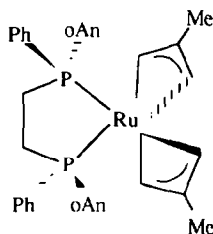


source of chirality : B-PO-OP

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -180$ (0.5 ; CHCl_3)

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665

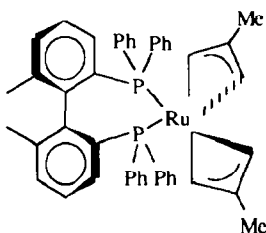


source of chirality : (R,R)-(-)-DIPAMP

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -43$ (0.23 ; toluene)

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

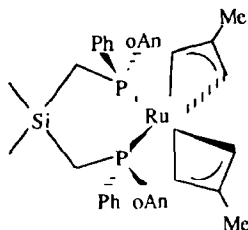
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665



source of chirality : (S)-(+)-BIPHEMP

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665

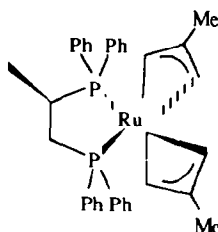


source of chirality : (R,R)-(-)-DIPAMPSi

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +186$ (0.5 ; toluene)

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

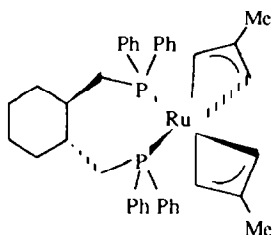
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665



source of chirality : (R)-(+)-PROPHOS

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665

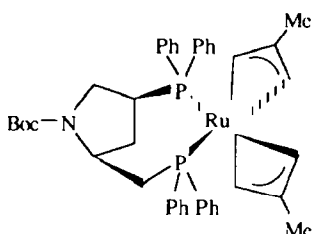


source of chirality : (R,R)-(-)-DIMPC

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -166 \text{ (0.35 ; toluene)}$$

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

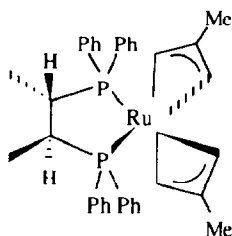
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665



source of chirality : (S,S)-(-)-BPPM

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665

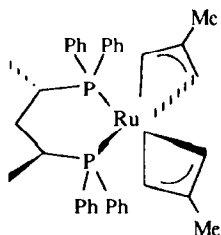


source of chirality : (S,S)-(-)-CHIRAPHOS

$$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +60 \text{ (0.2 ; toluene)}$$

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 665

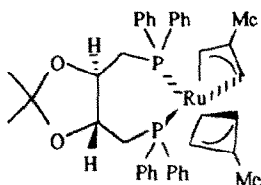


source of chirality : (S,S)-(-)-BDPP

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +255 \text{ (0.32 ; toluene)}$$

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 665

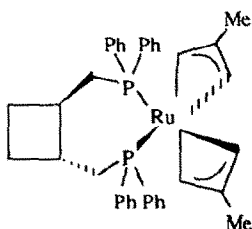


source of chirality : (R,R)-(-)-DIOP

$$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +202 \text{ (0.43 ; toluene)}$$

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 665

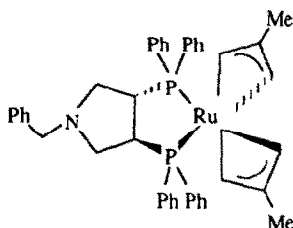


source of chirality : (R,R)-(+)-CBD

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -236 \text{ (0.5 ; toluene)}$$

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 665

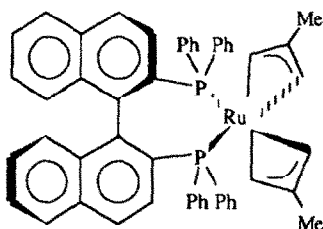


source of chirality : (S,S)-DEGUPHOS

$$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +40 \text{ (0.14 ; toluene)}$$

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
M.C.Cano De Andrade, J.A.Laffitte

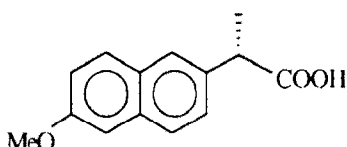
Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 665



source of chirality : (R)-(+)-BINAP

J.P.Genêt, C.Pincl, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675

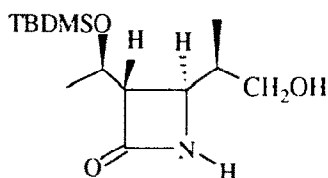


E.e. = 85 %

source of chirality : (S)-BinapRu(2-methylallyl)₂
absolute configuration 2S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pincl, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675

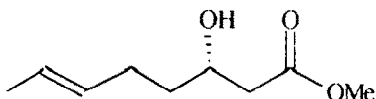


D.e. = 93 %

source of chirality : (S)-BinapRu(2-methylallyl)₂

J.P.Genêt, C.Pincl, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



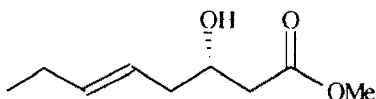
E.e. > 99 % (¹H NMR with Eu(tfc)₃)

[α]_D²⁰ = +19.0 (1 ; CHCl₃)

source of chirality : in situ (S)-BinapRuBr₂
absolute configuration 3S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pincl, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



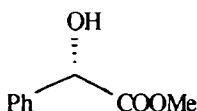
E.e. > 99 % (¹H NMR with Eu(tfc)₃)

[α]_D²⁰ = +18.0 (1 ; CHCl₃)

source of chirality : (S)-BiphempRuBr₂
absolute configuration 3S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinell, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



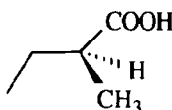
E.e. = 86 %

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +123.8$ (1 : CH₃OH)

source of chirality : in situ (S)-MeO-BiphepRuBr₂
absolute configuration 2S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinell, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675

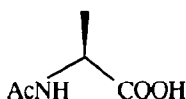


E.e. = 98 %

source of chirality : [RuCl₂(S)Biphep]₂NEt₃
absolute configuration 2S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinell, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



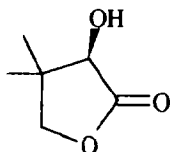
E.e. = 77 %

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -51$ (2 ; H₂O)

source of chirality : (S)-BiphepRuBr₂
absolute configuration 2S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinell, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675

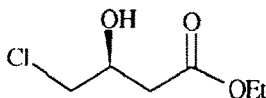


E.e. = 78 %

source of chirality : (R,R)-DipampRuBr₂
absolute configuration 2R

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



E.e. = 90 % (G.C.)

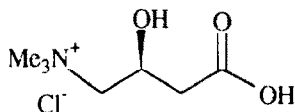
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -18.8$ (1 ; CHCl_3)

source of chirality : (S)-BinapRu(2-methylallyl)₂

absolute configuration 3S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



E.e. = 96 % (based on the rotation value of carnitine)

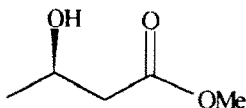
$[\alpha]_D^{26} = -15.9$ (1 ; H_2O)

source of chirality : (S)-BiphepRuBr₂

absolute configuration 3S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



E.e. > 99 % (by G.C.)

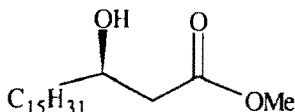
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -48.5$ (1.2 ; CHCl_3)

source of chirality : in situ (S)-MeO-BiphepRuBr₂

absolute configuration 3R

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



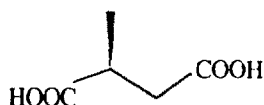
E.e. = 96 %

source of chirality : in situ (R)-BinapRuBr₂

absolute configuration 3R

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



E.e. = 98 %

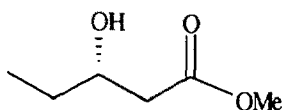
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -16.5$ (2.2 ; EtOH)

source of chirality : in situ (R)-BinapRuBr₂

absolute configuration 2S

J.P.Genêt, C.Pinel, V.Ratovelomanana-Vidal, S.Mallart, X.Pfister,
L.Bischoff, M.C.Cano De Andrade, S.Darses, C.Galopin, J.A.Laffitte

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 675



E.e. > 99 % (by G.C.)

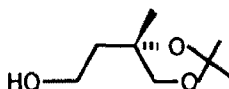
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +37.6$ (1 ; CHCl₃)

source of chirality : in situ (S)-BinapRuBr₂

absolute configuration 3S

P. Ferraboschi, P. Grisenti, A. Manzocchi, E. Santaniello

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 691



C₈H₁₆O₃

(S)-2-Methyl-1,2,4-butanetriol 1,2-acetonide

E.e. 84%

(by ¹H-NMR of (S)-MTPA ester)

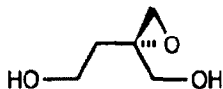
$[\alpha]_D -8.2$ (c 1.67 CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: *Pseudomonas cepacia* lipase

Absolute configuration: (S)

P. Ferraboschi, P. Grisenti, A. Manzocchi, E. Santaniello

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 691



C₅H₁₀O₃

(S)-2-Methylene-1,4-butanediol oxide

E.e. 86%

(by ¹H-NMR of (S)-MTPA ester)

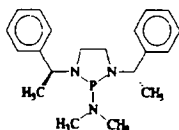
$[\alpha]_D -4.2$ (c 1 CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: *Pseudomonas cepacia* lipase

Absolute configuration: (S)

R. Hulst, N.K. de Vries and B.L. Feringa.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 699



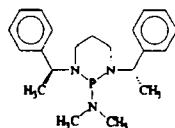
e.e. 98 % by ^1H and ^{31}P NMR.
Source of chirality, (*S*)- α -phenylethylamine.
Absolute configuration 1-*S* and 1'-*S*.

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_3\text{P}$

N,N'-bis(1-(*S*)-Phenylethyl)-1,2-ethylenediamino-*N,N'*-diaz-*N'',N''*-dimethylphospholidine

R. Hulst, N.K. de Vries and B.L. Feringa.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 699



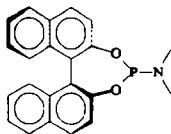
e.e. 98 % by ^1H and ^{31}P NMR.
Source of chirality, (*S*)- α -phenylethylamine.
Absolute configuration 1-*S* and 1'-*S*.

$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_3\text{P}$

N,N'-bis(1-(*S*)-Phenylethyl)-1,3-propylenediamino-*N,N'*-diaz-*N'',N''*-dimethylphospholidine

R. Hulst, N.K. de Vries and B.L. Feringa.

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 699



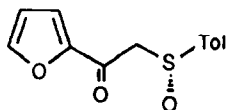
e.e. 98 % by ^1H and ^{31}P NMR.
Source of chirality, (+)-bis- β -naphthol.
 $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = 578.9$ (c 0.06, CHCl_3)

$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_2\text{P}$

2,2'-*O,O'*-(1,1'-Binaphthyl)-*O,O'*-dioxo-*N,N*-dimethylphospholidine

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 709



E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}$ value of a further derivative)

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}} = +208.1$ (c 1.13, CHCl_3)

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3\text{S}$

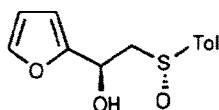
1-(2-Furyl)-1-oxo-2-*p*-tolylsulfinylethane

Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide

Absolute configuration: (*S*) *R*

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 709



C₁₃H₁₄O₃S

1-(2-Furyl)-2-*p*-tolylsulfinylethanol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative)

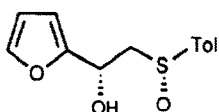
$[\alpha]_D = +194.1$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: Asymm. sulfoxide-monitored carbonyl reduction. (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.

Absolute configuration: 1*S*, (*S*)*R*

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 709



C₁₃H₁₄O₃S

1-(2-Furyl)-2-*p*-tolylsulfinylethanol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative)

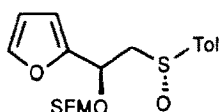
$[\alpha]_D = +118.3$ (c 1.35, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: Asymm. sulfoxide-monitored carbonyl reduction. (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.

Absolute configuration: 1*R*, (*S*)*R*

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 709



C₁₉H₂₈O₄SSi

1-(2-Furyl)-1-*O*-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]-2-*p*-tolylsulfinylethanol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative)

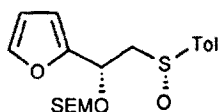
$[\alpha]_D = +243.5$ (c 1.13, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.

Absolute configuration: 1*S*, (*S*)*R*

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 709



C₁₉H₂₈O₄SSi

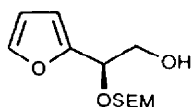
1-(2-Furyl)-1-*O*-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]-2-*p*-tolylsulfinylethanol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative)

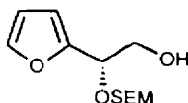
$[\alpha]_D = -1.82$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.

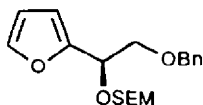
Absolute configuration: 1*R*, (*S*)*R*

C₁₂H₂₂O₄Si

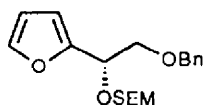
1-(2-Furyl)-1-O-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]-1,2-ethanediol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative) $[\alpha]_D = +118.0$ (c 0.52, CHCl₃)Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide and *R*-Isopropylidene-*D*-glyceraldehyde.Absolute configuration: *R*C₁₂H₂₂O₄Si

1-(2-Furyl)-1-O-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]-1,2-ethanediol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative) $[\alpha]_D = -117.5$ (c 1.57, CHCl₃)Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.Absolute configuration: *S*C₁₉H₂₈O₄Si

1-(2-Furyl)-1-O-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]-2-O-benzyl-1,2-ethanediol

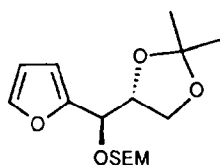
E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative) $[\alpha]_D = +73.20$ (c 2.44, CHCl₃)Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.Absolute configuration: *R*C₁₉H₂₈O₄Si

1-(2-Furyl)-1-O-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]-2-O-benzyl-1,2-ethanediol

E.e. = 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value of a further derivative) $[\alpha]_D = -75.47$ (c 1.57, CHCl₃)Source of chirality: (*R*)-Methyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxide.Absolute configuration: *S*

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 709



C₁₆H₂₈O₅Si

1-(2-Furyl)-1-O-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]--
2,3-O-isopropylidene-1,2,3-propanetriol

E.e.= 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value
of a further derivative)

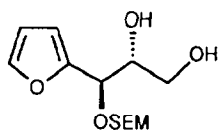
$[\alpha]_D = +106.5$ (c 1.03, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: *R*-(+)-Isopropylidene-*D*-
glyceraldehyde.

Absolute configuration: 1 *R*, 2 *R*

J.M.Llera, M.Trujillo, M.E.Blanco and F.Alcudia

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 709



C₁₃H₂₄O₅Si

1-(2-Furyl)-1-O-[(2'-trimethylsilylethoxy) methyl]--
1,2,3-propanetriol

E.e.= 100% (by comparison of reported $[\alpha]_D$ value
of a further derivative)

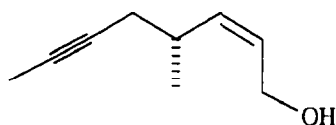
$[\alpha]_D = +24.0$ (c 0.92, CH₂Cl₂)

Source of chirality: *R*-(+)-Isopropylidene-*D*-
glyceraldehyde.

Absolute configuration: 1 *R*, 2 *R*

Monique Savignac, Jean-Olivier Durand and Jean-Pierre Genêt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 717



4-Methyloct-6-yn-2-en-1-ol

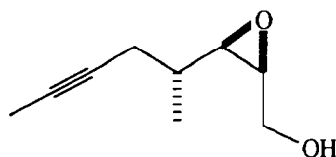
$[\alpha]_D = 37$ (c = 1.08, CH₂Cl₂)

Source of chirality: asymm. synth.

Configuration 4*R*

Monique Savignac, Jean-Olivier Durand and Jean-Pierre Genêt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 717



2,3-Epoxy-4-methyloct-6-yn-1-ol

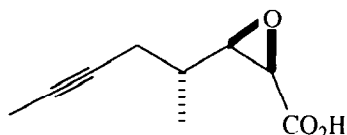
$[\alpha]_D = 9.3$ (c = 1.33, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: asymm. synth.

Configuration 2*S*,3*R*,4*R*

Monique Savignac, Jean-Olivier Durand and Jean-Pierre Genêt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 717



2,3-Epoxy-4-methyloct-6-ynoic acid

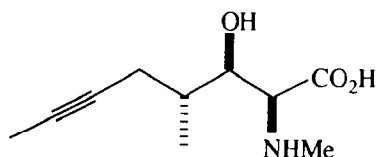
$$[\alpha]_D = 14.9 \quad (c = 1.14, \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$$

Source of chirality: asymm. synth.

Configuration 2R,3R,4R

Monique Savignac, Jean-Olivier Durand and Jean-Pierre Genêt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 717



2-Methylamino-3-hydroxy-4-methyloct-6-ynoic acid

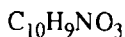
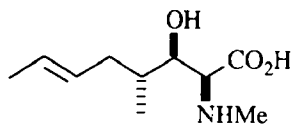
$$[\alpha]_D = 30.6 \quad (c = 0.75, \text{phosphate buffer Tritisol pH=7})$$

Source of chirality: asymm. synth.

Configuration 2S,3S,4R

Monique Savignac, Jean-Olivier Durand and Jean-Pierre Genêt

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 717



4-[(E)-2-butenyl]-4,N-Dimethyl-L-Threonine (MeBmt)

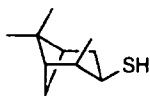
$$[\alpha]_D = 11.8 \quad (c = 0.5, \text{phosphate buffer Tritisol pH=7})$$

Source of chirality: asymm. synth.

Configuration 2S,3S,4R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas,^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 723



(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-Pinanethiol

E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]

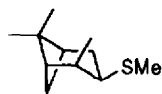
$$[\alpha]_D^{24} = -5.83 \quad (c 1.32 \text{ in } \text{CHCl}_3)$$

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis (Mitsunobu reaction)

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas.^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 723



C₁₁H₂₀S
(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-Pinanylmethyl Sulfide

E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]
[α]_D²⁴ = -2.1 (c 1 in CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas.^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 723



C₁₃H₂₄S
(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-Pinanylisopropyl Sulfide

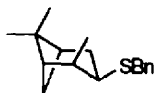
E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]
[α]_D²⁴ = -2.66 (c 1.54 in CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas.^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 723



C₁₇H₂₄S
(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-Pinanylbenzyl Sulfide

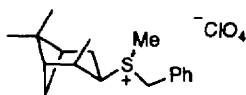
E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]
[α]_D²⁴ = -2.25 (c 1.24 in CHCl₃)

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas.^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1994, 5, 723



C₁₈H₂₇SClO₄
Benzylmethyl [(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-pinanylsulfonium
Perchlorate

E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]
[α]_D²⁴ = +0.67 (c 1.78 in Acetone)

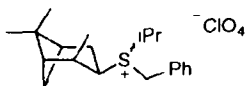
Sample is mixture of diastereoisomers (70:30)

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas.^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 723



$C_{20}H_{31}SClO_4$

Benzylisopropyl[(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-pinanyl]sulfonium
Perchlorate

E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]

$[\alpha]_D^{24} = -1.26$ (c:2.03 in Acetone)

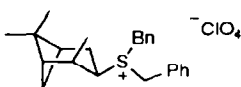
Sample is mixture of diastereoisomers (45:55)

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

Varinder K. Aggarwal,^{a*} Marilena Kalomiri,^a Andrew Thomas.^b

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 723



$C_{24}H_{31}SClO_4$

Dibenzyl[(1S, 2S, 3R)-3-pinanyl]sulfonium
Perchlorate

E.e = >95% [by chiral GC on precursor, see ref 15]

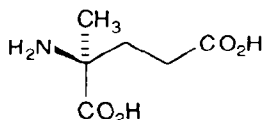
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = -4.92$ (c:2.01 in Acetone)

Source of chirality: natural and synthesis

Absolute configuration 1S, 2S, 3R

F.Acher and R.Azerad

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 731



$C_6H_{11}NO_4$

2-methylglutamic acid

M.p. 183°C

$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +11.5$ (c 4, 6N HCl)

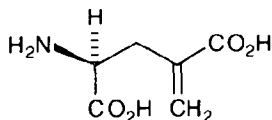
E.e. ≥ 97 % [by HPLC of the N-acetyl-(S)-cysteine-*o*-phthalaldehyde adduct]

Source of chirality: chromatographic separation of the α -boroxazolidone- γ -(R)-phenylethylamide

Absolute configuration S

F.Acher and R.Azerad

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, 5, 731



$C_6H_9NO_4$

4-methylene glutamic acid

M.p. 196-197°C

$[\alpha]_D^{21} = +12.8$ (c 1, 5N HCl)

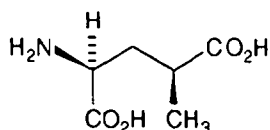
E.e. ≥ 94 % (by chiral GC of the N-trifluoroacetyl-O,O'-diisopropylester)

Source of chirality: chromatographic separation of the α -boroxazolidone- γ -(R)-phenylethylamide

Absolute configuration S

F.Acher and R.Azerad

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 731



C₆H₁₁NO₄

Threo-4-methylglutamic acid

M.p. 151°C

[α]_D²¹ = + 22.8 (c 0.25, H₂O)

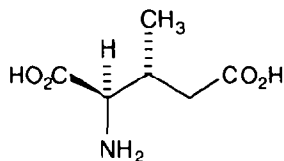
E.e. ≥ 98 % (by chiral GC of the N-trifluoroacetyl-O,O'-diisopropylester)

Source of chirality: chromatographic separation of the α-boroxazolidone-γ(R)-phenylglycinolamide

Absolute configuration 2S,4S

F.Acher and R.Azerad

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 731



C₆H₁₁NO₄

Erythro-3-methylglutamic acid

M.p. 170°C

[α]_D²¹ = - 15.6 (c 1, H₂O)

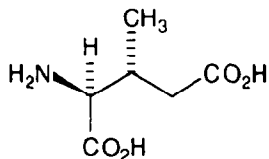
E.e. ≥ 99.5 % (by chiral GC of the N-trifluoroacetyl-O,O'-diisopropylester)

Source of chirality: chromatographic separation of the α-boroxazolidone-γ(R)-phenylglycinolamide

Absolute configuration 2R,3R

F.Acher and R.Azerad

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 731



C₆H₁₁NO₄

Threo-3-methylglutamic acid

M.p. 163°C

[α]_D²¹ = + 14.4 (c 1, H₂O)

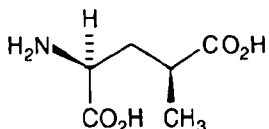
E.e. ≥ 98 % (by chiral GC of the N-trifluoroacetyl-O,O'-diisopropylester)

Source of chirality: chromatographic separation of the α-boroxazolidone-γ(R)-phenylglycinolamide

Absolute configuration 2S,3R

F.Acher and R.Azerad

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 731



C₆H₁₁NO₄

Erythro-4-methylglutamic acid

M.p. 169°C

[α]_D²¹ = - 20.0 (c 0.6, 6N HCl)

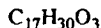
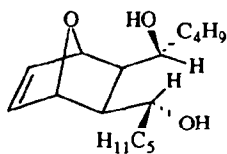
E.e. ≥ 95 % (by chiral GC of the N-trifluoroacetyl-O,O'-diisopropylester)

Source of chirality: chromatographic separation of the α-boroxazolidone-γ(R)-phenylglycinolamide

Absolute configuration 2R,4S

R. Bloch, C. Brillet-Fernandez and G. Mandville

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 745



2-(1'-Hydroxypentyl)-3-(1''-hydroxybutyl)-7-oxabicyclo
[2.2.1]hept-5-ene

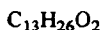
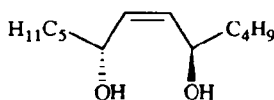
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -8.5 \text{ (c 1, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality : from a precursor
obtained by enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration : 1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*S*,1'*R*,1''*R*

R. Bloch, C. Brillet-Fernandez and G. Mandville

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 745



6-Tridecen-5,8-diol

$$E_c > 95\% \text{ [}^1\text{H NMR with Eu(hfc)}_3\text{]}$$

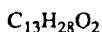
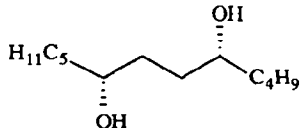
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +1.7 \text{ (c 1, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality : from a precursor
obtained by enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration : 5*R*,8*R*

R. Bloch, C. Brillet-Fernandez and G. Mandville

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 745



Tridecan-5,8-diol

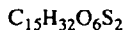
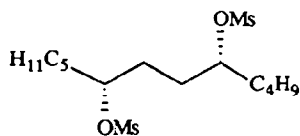
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -5.3 \text{ (c 0.8, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality : from a precursor
obtained by enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration : 5*R*,8*R*

R. Bloch, C. Brillet-Fernandez and G. Mandville

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 745



5,8-bis[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]tridecane

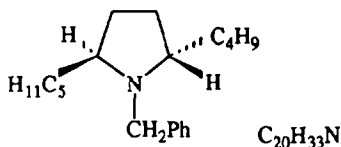
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +4.3 \text{ (c 1, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality : from a precursor
obtained by enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration : 5*R*,8*R*

R. Bloch, C. Brillet-Fernandez and G. Mandville

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 745



N-Benzyl-2-butyl-5-pentylpyrrolidine

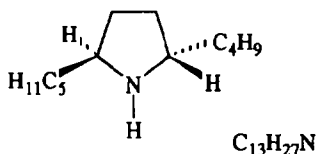
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +94 \text{ (c 0.83, } CHCl_3)$$

Source of chirality : from a precursor
obtained by enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration : 2S,5S

R. Bloch, C. Brillet-Fernandez and G. Mandville

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 745



2-Butyl-5-pentylpyrrolidine

Ee > 95%

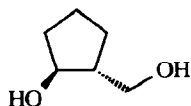
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +5.6 \text{ (c 0.61, } CHCl_3)$$

Source of chirality : from a precursor
obtained by enzymatic resolution

Absolute configuration : 2S,5S

J. Weidner, F. Theil, H. Schick

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 751



(1S,2R)-2-(Hydroxymethyl)cyclopentanol

Ee > 99% (by GLC on Lipodex E)

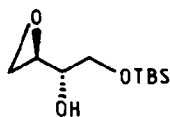
$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +13.4 \text{ (c 1, } CHCl_3)$$

Source of chirality: Resolution by lipase-catalyzed acetylation

Absolute configuration: 1S,2R (assigned by comparison of $[\alpha]_D$)

Mukund K Gurjar* and N Rama Devi

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1994**, *5*, 755



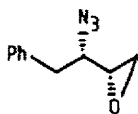
(2S,3R)-1-tert-Butyldimethylsilyl-
3,4-epoxybutane 1,2-diol.

Ee = > 90%

$$[\alpha]_D = +13 \text{ (c 1.1, } CHCl_3)$$

Source of chirality : Asymmetric synthesis
(Sharpless epoxidation)

Absolute configuration - 2S,3R.



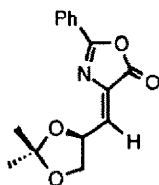
$C_{10}H_{11}N_3O$
(2R,3S)-3-Azido-1,2-
epoxy-4-phenyl butane

Ee = > 90%

$[\alpha]_D = + 20.9$ (c 0.52, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality : Asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration - 2R,3S.



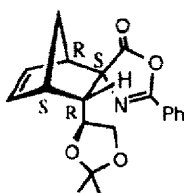
$C_{15}H_{15}NO_4$
Z-2-phenyl-4-[(5S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethylene]-5(4H)-oxazolone

d.e. > 98% by HPLC

$[\alpha]_D^{20} + 34.5$ (c = 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality : natural

Absolute configuration : S



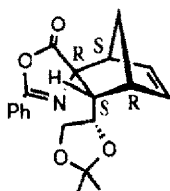
$C_{20}H_{21}NO_4$
(1R,2S,3R,4S)-3-[(5S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-spiro-[4'[2'-phenyl-5'(4'H)-oxazolone]]

d.e. > 98% by HPLC

$[\alpha]_D^{20} + 142.8$ (c = 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality : diastereoselective cycloaddition

Absolute configuration : 1R, 2S, 3R, 4S



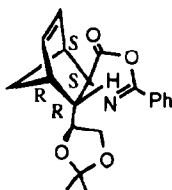
$C_{20}H_{21}NO_4$
(1S,2R,3S,4R)-3-[(5S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-spiro-[4'[2'-phenyl-5'(4'H)-oxazolone]]

d.e. > 98% by HPLC

$[\alpha]_D^{20} - 103.4$ (c = 1, $CHCl_3$)

Source of chirality : diastereoselective cycloaddition

Absolute configuration : 1S, 2R, 3S, 4R



d.e. >98% by HPLC

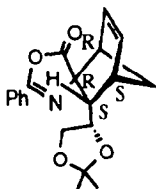
$[\alpha]_D^{20} - 27.6$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality : diastereoselective cycloaddition

Absolute configuration : 1*S*, 2*S*, 3*R*, 4*R*

C₂₀H₂₁NO₄

(1*S*,2*S*,3*R*,4*R*)-3-[(*S*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]bicyclo-[2.2.1.]hept-5-en-2-spiro-[4'[2'-phenyl-5'(4'H)-oxazolone]]



d.e. >98% by HPLC

$[\alpha]_D^{20} + 34.5$ (c = 1, CHCl₃)

Source of chirality : diastereoselective cycloaddition

Absolute configuration : 1*R*, 2*R*, 3*S*, 4*S*

C₂₀H₂₁NO₄

(1*R*,2*R*,3*S*,4*S*)-3-[(*S*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]bicyclo-[2.2.1.]hept-5-en-2-spiro-[4'[2'-phenyl-5'(4'H)-oxazolone]]